**Personal & Reflexive Pronouns – 1st & 2nd person**

1. **nōs** spectātis *Y’all are looking at* ***us****.*
2. **nōs** spectāmus *Wel are looking at* ***ourselves***.

Notice in #1, the pronoun *nos* (us) is NOT the same as the subject of the sentence (‘y’all’). It’s a **personal pronoun**.

In #2, the pronoun *nos* is the SAME as the subject (we). It’s a **reflexive** pronoun.

In Latin, the difference between personal & reflexive pronouns mostly matters when you go to translate into English. For *I, you, we,* and *y’all*, personal and reflexive pronouns look the same.

They are reflexive when they refer to the same person as the subject of the sentence and are translated “-self”/”-selves” *mē spectō*, “I’m looking at myself”

They are personal when they do NOT refer to the same person as the subject.

*tē spectō*, “I’m looking at you”

**Personal Pronouns – 3rd person**

For “he/she/it”, Latin uses the pronoun *is, ea, id*. For “they”, Latin uses the same pronoun in the plural

**Reflexive Pronouns – 3rd person**

For “himself/herself/itself/themselves,” Latin uses a separate reflexive pronoun “sē.”

**Possessive adjectives**

We already know these 1st/2nd declension adjectives

**meus, -a, -um**, my amō meam matrem

**tuus, -a, -um**, your tuus pater bonus est.

**suus, -a, -um**, his/her/its/their (own) – refers to subject Marcus suam matrem amat.

**noster, nostra, nostrum**, our hostēs nostrī malī sunt.

**vester, vestra, vestrum**, your cena ā matre vestrā parātur.

For “his/her/its/their” NOT referring to the subject, use *is, ea, id* in the genitive;

***eius***, “of him/her/it; his/her/its”

***eōrum***, “of them; their”

This way, there is less confusion.

“Marcus sees Lucius. Marcus likes his book. “

Does he like Lucius’ book? Or does he like his own book?

* Marcus **suum** librum amat. *Marcus likes* ***his own*** *book.*
* Marcus **eius** librum amat. *Marcus likes* ***his (Lucius’s)*** *book.*

**Translate – provide all possibilities**

1. mihi
2. suī
3. eīs
4. nōbīs
5. eae
6. eōrum
7. vōbīscum
8. meī
9. sibi
10. eum
11. eī
12. id
13. nōs
14. sēcum
15. eius
16. ea
17. tē
18. eam
19. vestrum
20. sē
21. tibi

**Underline the pronouns. Provide the correct form in Latin.**

1. I taught myself.

2. He saw himself in the mirror.

3. You will save us.

4. The soldiers washed themselves.

5. I gave a pat on the back to myself.

6. He gave a pat on the back to her.

7. They gave a pat on the back to themselves.

8. She found the answer in herself.

9. She found the majority of us.

10. She gave you all another chance.

11. She found his book.

12. She found her (own) book.

13. She found her (someone else's) book.

14. Read a poem to me.

15. We found some of them.